

## Archbishop of York's C.E. Junior School

## Y5 Literacy Curriculum Overview



	AUTUMN TERM		SPRING TERM		SUMMER TERM	
TOPIC:	<b>SCIENCE</b> 'Elements'	<b>CULTURE</b> 'Four Corners of the World'	<b>PEOPLE</b> 'Influential People'	<b>HISTORY</b> 'In The Past'	<b>GEOGRAPHY</b> <i>'Landscapes'</i>	<b>ARTS</b> 'That's Entertainment'
Year 5	Air	South	Inventors	Tudors	Rivers	Music and Dance
Text Level (Writing Composition)	Instruction-making a windmill How to make your parent tidy your room How to prove air has a mass How to capture Krindlekrax Explanation- How a hot air balloon works Non-chronological report- History of flight Newspaper article – Wind turbines	Non- chronological report KrindleKrax. Christmas around the world <b>Poetry-</b> shape Firework Bullying <b>Recount-</b> Diary Journey to Jo'Burg <b>Letter-</b> A friend in Southern Hemisphere	Persuasive Writing/Discussion- Anti-smoking Healthy lifestyle Explanation Text- How the heart works Shirt machine Invention Non-chronological report- Inventors and inventions	Descriptive writing- feelings, settings and characters Macbeth Recount- Battle of Bosworth. Macbeth Story writing- Ghost story Burton Agnes Playscript- Shakespeare Performance poetry- The Highwayman Letter – Science topic	<b>Discussion</b> - saving the rainforest <b>Explanation</b> - How rivers are formed <b>Descriptive writing</b> Kensuke's Kingdom <b>Letter/diary entry</b> Kensuke's Kingdom	Myths- Caribbean/pirates Descriptive writing- Caribbean Treasure Island
Sentence Level (Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation)	Converting <b>nouns</b> or <b>adjectives</b> into <b>verbs</b> using <b>suffixes</b> (-ate, -ise, -ify) <b>Verb prefixes</b> (dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-)	<b>Relative clauses</b> beginning with who, which. where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun).	Indicate degrees of possibility using <b>adverbs</b> (perhaps, surely) or <b>modal verbs</b> (might, will, should, could)	<b>Build cohesion</b> within a paragraph (then, after that, firstly) Commas to clarify meaning.	Linking ideas across paragraphs using <b>adverbials</b> of time (later, earlier) place (nearby, faraway) and number (secondly, thirdly) or tense choices (he had seen her before) <b>Glossary/dictionary</b> <b>work</b> – Properties of materials	Brackets, dashes and commas to add extra information- parenthesis.



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Word Level (Spelling)	Revise plurals ending in –s, -es and –ies. Revise apostrophe for contraction. Silent letters. Words with the i sound (i, ie, i after c) Homophones	Ough pattern (though, thought) Able, ably (capable) Ible. ibly (terribly) Hyphen (co- ordinate) Root words (sign, signature)	Possession. apostrophe for possession. Rare GPCs – from word list. Homophones	Curious and difficult words. Etymology. Common roots.	Homophones (cereal, serial) Words from word list.	Dictionary work. Year 5 spelling bank			
<b>Reading</b> (Word reading and Comprehension)	Instructions Story with dilemmas KrindleKrax	Stories from other cultures Journey to Jo'Burg	Persuasive texts Science topic-healthy living Explanation texts Non-chronological reports - inventors and inventions	<b>Playscripts</b> Shakespeare-A Midsummer Night's Dream <b>Poetry</b> The Highwayman	<b>Adventure story</b> Kensuke's Kingdom	<b>Myths and</b> Legends The Maya			
Class Reading	KrindleKrax	Journey to Jo'Burg	Boy at the back of the class	Shakespeare-A Midsummer Night's Dream. The Highwayman	Kensuke's Kingdom	The Maya			
Spoken Language	Pupils should be taught to listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers; ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge; use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary; articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions; give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings; maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments; use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas; speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English; participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role-play, improvisations and debates; gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s); consider and evaluate different viewpoints attending to and building on the contributions of others; select and use appropriate registers for effective communication								